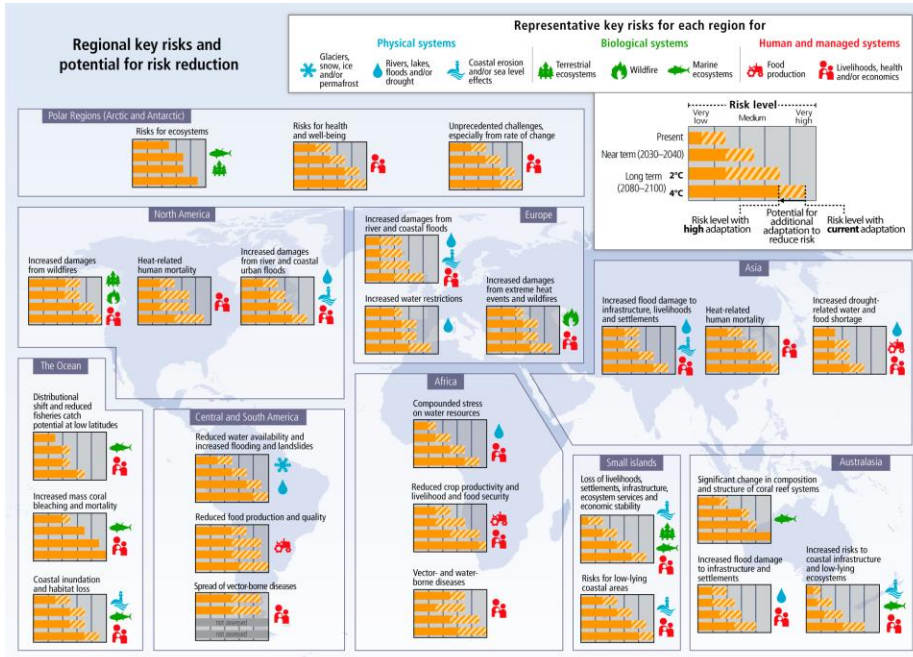


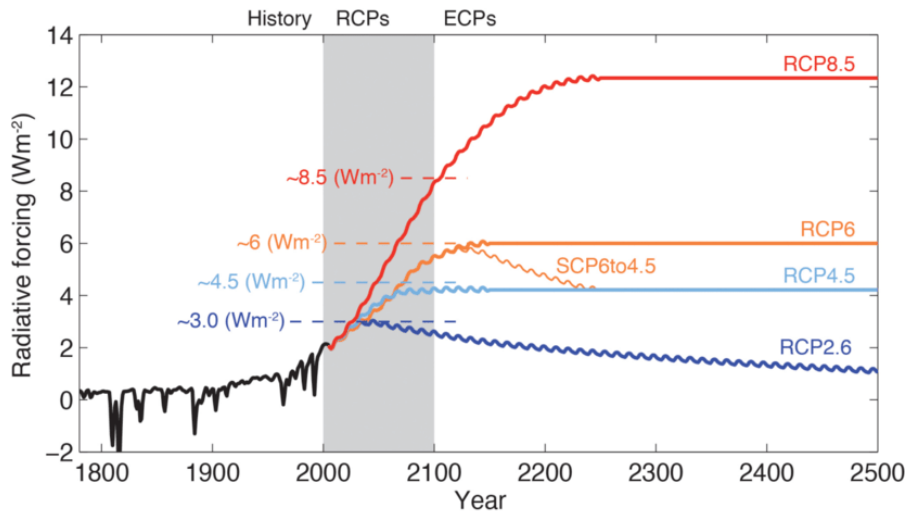
# Prílohy

Príloha 1: Identifikácia kľúčových regionálnych zmien a hrozieb plynúcich z klimatickej zmeny



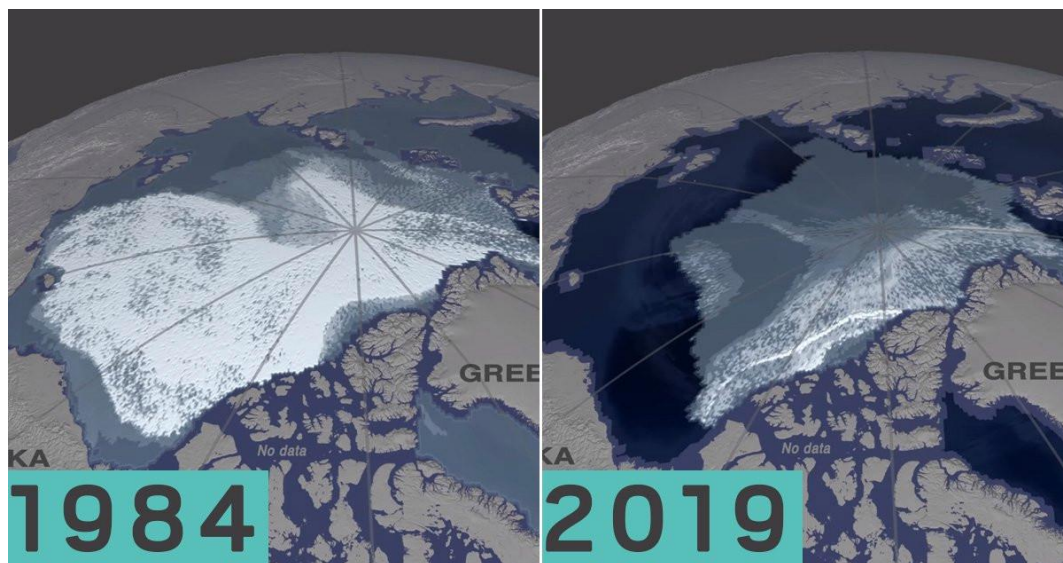
Zdroj i: CORBETT, James J. *The Maritime Sector's Role in Meeting Trade and Environment Goals*. Boston, USA: Boston University. November 2016. [cit. 27.04.2021]. ISBN 978-1-936727-13-1. Dostupné na: [https://www.researchgate.net/publication/309761890\\_The\\_Maritime\\_Sector's\\_Role\\_in\\_Meeting\\_Trade\\_and\\_Environment\\_Goals](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/309761890_The_Maritime_Sector's_Role_in_Meeting_Trade_and_Environment_Goals)

Príloha 2: Rozšírené koncentračné cesty do roku 2500



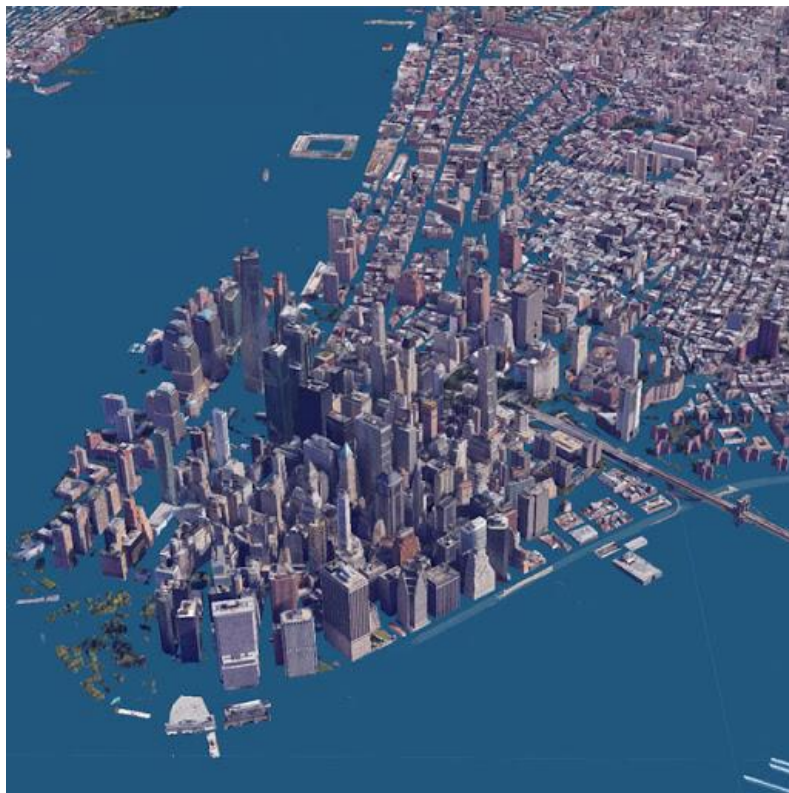
Zdroj ii: GANGULI, Poulomi et al. *Water Stress on U.S. Power Production at Decadal Time Horizons*. Boston, USA: Northeastern University. September 2014. [cit. 27.04.2021]. Dostupné na: [https://www.researchgate.net/publication/277873784\\_Water\\_Stress\\_on\\_US\\_Power\\_Production\\_at\\_Decadal\\_Time\\_Horizons](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/277873784_Water_Stress_on_US_Power_Production_at_Decadal_Time_Horizons)

Príloha 3: Projekcia zníženia objemu morského arktického ľadu



Zdroj iii: PARSONS, Jeff. *Thickest sea ice in the Arctic Ocean has lost 95% of its mass in 35 years*. In: Metro [journal]. 13.11.2019. [cit. 26.04.2021]. Dostupné na: <https://metro.co.uk/2019/11/13/thickest-sea-ice-arctic-ocean-lost-95-mass-35-years-11089045/>

Príloha 4: Projekcia dopadu zvýšenia oceánskej hladiny do konca storočia na časť Manhattan v meste New York, USA



Zdroj iv: GOOGLE EARTH. *Sea Level Rise and the Fate of Coastal Cities*. In: Climate central. [cit. 28.04.2021]. <https://earth.google.com/web/data=CiQSIhIgNzJlM2QwZWU3NGMyMTFIODhjMWNiZjg2OTQ1ZTVlZWM>

